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Vendor:Oracle

Exam Code:1Z0-320

Exam Name:MySQL Cloud Service 2018
Implementation Essentials

Version:Demo

QUESTION 1

What are two key differences between the use of ndbd and ndbmtd?

- A. ndbd can be configured as ndbmtd by applying the option - - mtd.
- B. In the event of critical errors, ndbd generates a trace file with the name ndb_node_id_trace.log.trace_id, whereas ndbmtd generates a trace file with the name pattern ndb_node_id_trace.log.trace_id_tthread_id
- C. ndbd is single-threaded mode; however, ndbmtd runs by default in multithreaded mode.
- D. ndbd is single-threaded mode.ndbmtd runs by default in single-threaded mode; you must configure it to use multithreads.
- E. In the event of critical errors, ndbd generates all trace in error log, whereas ndbmtd generates a trace file with the name pattern ndb_node_id_trace.log.trace_id_tthread_id.

Correct Answer: DE

QUESTION 2

You have a user on your MySQL instance who is flooding the server with complex queries and large INSERTS, which prevents another user with a higher priority from running queries.

Which two choices will limit the number of SELECTS to 10 per hour and the number of INSERTS to 4 per hour for user `employee1` from MySQL Workbench by first selecting Server> Users and Privileges> employee1?

- A. Set Max Updates to 4 for `employee1`.
- B. Set Max. Queries to 14 for `employee1`.
- C. Set Max. Connections to 14 for `employee1`.
- D. Set Max. Queries to 10 for `employee1`.
- E. Set Concurrent Connections to 14 for `employee1`.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 3

Which two statements are true about MySQL Enterprise Firewall?

- A. On Windows systems, MySQL Enterprise Firewall is controlled and managed by using the Windows Internet Connection Firewall control panel.
- B. The firewall functionality is dependent upon SHA-256 and ANSI-specific functions built in to the mysql.firewall table. These functions cannot be deleted, even by the root user.

C. MySQL Enterprise Firewall is available only in MySQL Enterprise versions 5.7.10.and later.

D. Server-side plug-ins named MYSQL_FIREWALL_USERS and MYSQL_FIREWALL-WHITELIST implement INFORMATION_SCHEMA tables that provide views into the firewall data cache.

E. System tables named firewall_users and firewall_whitelist in the mysql database provide persistent storage of firewall data.

F. MySQL Enterprise Firewall shows only notifications blocked connections, which originated outside of your network's primary domain.

Correct Answer: DE

Reference: <https://planet.mysql.com/entry/?id=5989808>

QUESTION 4

The user `fwuser`@`localhost` was registered with the MySQL Enterprise Firewall and was granted privileges for the SAKILA database. You executed commands:

```
mysql>SELECT MODE FROM  
INFORMATION_SCHEMA.MYSQL_FIREWALL_USERS->WHERE USERHOST=  
'fwuser@localhost'
```

```
MODE  
PROTECTING
```

```
mysql>SELECT RULE FROM  
INFORMATION_SCHEMA.MYSQL_FIREWALL_WHITELIST->WHERE USERHOST=  
'fwuser@localhost';
```

```
+-----+  
RULE |  
+-----+  
SELECT 'first_name', 'last_name' FROM 'customer' WHERE 'customer_id' =? |  
SELECT 'get_customer_balance' (?, NOW ( ) ) |  
UPDATE 'rental' SET 'return_date' = NOW ( ) WHERE 'rental_id'= ? |  
SELECT @@'version_comment' LIMIT? |  
+-----+
```

You want to clear the account whitelist for the `fwuser`@`localhost` user. Which statement would you run to accomplish this?

- A. CALL mysql.sp_reload_firewall_rules ('fwuser@localhost');
- B. SET mysql.sp_set_firewall_mode= `RECORDING`;
- C. CALL mysql.sp_set_firewall_mode ('fwuser@localhost', `CLEAR`);

D. DELETE TABLE INFORMATION_SCHEMA.MYSQL_FIREWALL_WHITELIST;

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/mysql-security-excerpt/5.6/en/firewall-routines.html>

QUESTION 5

You want to change the default behavior of MySQL Enterprise Monitor (MEM). New instances detected by a MEM agent should automatically monitor discovered instances.

How can you change the Advisor Setting?

- A. Go to the configuration section (Users) and create a new user according to the existing users of your new MySQL instances.
- B. Go to the configuration section (Advisors) and edit the default settings of the MySQL Process Discovery according to the existing users of your new MySQL instances.
- C. Go to the configuration section (Advisors) and create a new advisor rule for new MySQL instances based on the MySQL Advisor Wizard.
- D. Go to the configuration section (MEM) and configure the default login credentials.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E17952_01/mysql-monitor-3.0-relnotes-en/news-3-0-0.html

QUESTION 6

You have installed MySQL 5.6.20 on Windows 2012. This MySQL Instance is monitored without an Enterprise Monitor Agent. You cannot see any MySQL queries. How can you enable this feature?

- A. MySQL query analyzing is available only in MySQL Version 5.7 and later. You need a later version of MySQL
- B. For query analyzing, it is mandatory to use a MySQL Enterprise Monitor agent on Windows 2012 Server.
- C. Use UPDATE performance_schema.setup_consumers SET enabled = `YES` WHERE name=`statements_digest`;
- D. Use UPDATE performance_schema.setup_consumers SET enabled = `NO` WHERE name = `statements_digest`;

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 7

You are required to set up a backup user (mysqlbackup@localhost) on the MySQL Database. The user should have the backup and restore privileges and additional privileges required for using transportable tablespaces (TTS). To back up and restore InnoDB tables.

Which syntax accomplishes this?

A. CREATE USER `mysqlbackup`@`localhost` IDENTIFIED BY `new-password`;

B. CREATE USER `mysqlbackup`@`localhost` IDENTIFIED BY `new-password`; GRANT RELOAD ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_progress TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, SELECT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_history TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT REPLICATION CLIENT ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT SUPER ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT PROCESS ON *.* `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`;

C. CREATE USER `mysqlbackup`@`localhost` IDENTIFIED BY `new-password`; GRANT RELOAD ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_progress TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, SELECT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_history TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`;

D. CREATE USER `mysqlbackup`@`localhost` IDENTIFIED BY `new-password`; GRANT RELOAD ON *.* to `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, DROP, UPDATE ON, mysql.backup_progress TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, SELECT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_history TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT REPLICATION CLIENT ON *.* to `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT SUPER ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT PROCESS ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT LOCK TABLES, SELECT, CREATE, ALTER ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_sbt_history TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`;

E. CREATE USER `mysqlbackup`@`localhost` IDENTIFIED BY `new-password`; GRANT RELOAD ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_progress TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT CREATE, INSERT, SELECT, DROP, UPDATE ON mysql.backup_history TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`; GRANT REPLICATION CLIENT ON *.* TO `mysqlbackup`@`localhost`;

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 8

Which four options are valid reasons for using a PRIMARY KEY in a table?

- A. Eliminating the need for accessing the database cache
- B. Preventing duplicate keys
- C. Maintaining a history of row insertions or updates
- D. Automatic storage of data in a sorted order
- E. Increasing performance when using SELECT statements
- F. Auto-generating values via AUTO_INCREMENT
- G. Exporting data faster with mysqldump

Correct Answer: BEFG

QUESTION 9

You have a text file named "xyz.csv" exported from another system.

```
"Code", "Name", "Capital", "Code2"  
"001", "001", "Country", 1, "01"  
"002", "002", "Country", 2, "02"  
"ABW", "Aruba", 129, "AW"
```

You are asked to import data to a MySQL Database table named "country". The table definition is as follows:

```
CREATE TABLE `mycountry` (  
  `Code` char (3) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',  
  `Name` char (52) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',  
  `Capital` int (11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `Code2` char (2) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',  
  PRIMARY KEY (`Code`)  
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;
```

Identify the action that imports the data from Workbench or MySQL Client to the database correctly.

- A. Use the LOAD DATA INFILE syntax to load data into the database table.
- B. Use mysqlimport to load the mycountry.csv data file with the --csv option specified.
- C. Create a DIRECTORY LINK object on the database and use INSERT into mycountry SELECT * from mycountry.csv.
- D. Convert the data into MDI and restore the MySQL data from it.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 10

Which statement will display the status of the partitioning plug-in?

- A. SHOW STATUS PLUGINS WHERE Name= `PARTITIONING`;
- B. SHOW PLUGINS WHERE Name= `partition`;
- C. SELECT PLUGIN_NAME, PLUGIN_VERSION, PLUGIN_STATUS FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.PLUGINS WHERE PLUGIN_NAME= `partition`;
- D. USE SYS SCHEMA; SHOW PLUGINS STATUS;

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/partitioning.html>

QUESTION 11

You are having performance issues with MySQL instances. Those servers are monitored with MySQL Enterprise Monitor (MEM). How would you proceed?

- A. Sort the "Exec" column and check for SQL queries with high QRTi values.

- B. Sort the "Exec" column and check for SQL queries with low QRTi values.
- C. Look for queries with low total latency times in the Latency section in the times series graph (Query Analyzer.)
- D. Look for queries with big prolonged spikes in row activity/access graph in the times series graph (Query Analyzer.)

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 12

MySQL Enterprise provides query analyzing metrics for SQL statements. Which four MySQL environments will provide QUAN metrics?

- A. All MySQL (when MySQL connectors with Aggregator is used for the application)
- B. MySQL 5.5.9 (and later)
- C. MySQL 5.7.9 Community (and later)
- D. MySQL 5.6.14 Commercial (and later)
- E. All MySQL (with MySQL Enterprise Monitor Proxy)

Correct Answer: BCDE

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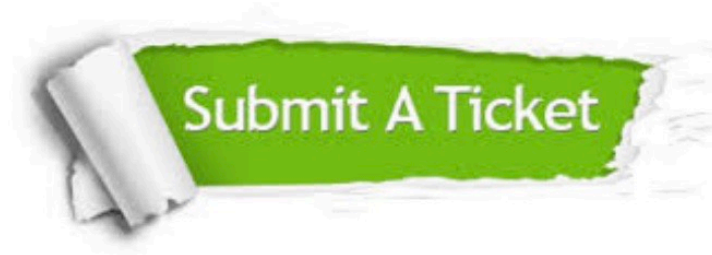
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