# Money Back Guarantee

Vendor:Oracle

Exam Code:1Z0-808

Exam Name: Java SE 8 Programmer I

Version:Demo

## **QUESTION 1**

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = " ";
    str.trim();
    System.out.println(str.equals("") + " " + str.isEmpty());
}
```

What is the result?

A. true true

B. true false

C. false false

D. false true

Correct Answer: C

## **QUESTION 2**

Given the code fragment:

```
String color = "teal";
switch (color) (
    case "Red":
        System.out.println("Found Red");
    case "Blue":
        System.out.println("Found Blue");
        break;
    case "Teal":
        System.out.println("Found Teal");
        break;
    default:
        System.out.println("Found Default");
}
```

What is the result?

A. Found Red Found Default

B. Found Teal

C. Found Red Found Blue Found Teal

- D. Found Red Found Blue Found Teal Found Default
- E. Found Default

Correct Answer: B

## **QUESTION 3**

Given the code fragments: What is the result?

```
public static void main (String [ ] args) {
    int [] stack = {10,20,30};
    int size = 3;
    inti dx = 0;
    /*line n1 */
    System.out.print ("The Top element: " + stack [idx] );
}
```

- A. Compilation fails only at line n2.
- B. RTool::export Tool::export
- C. Tool::export Tool:export
- D. Compilation fails only at line n1.
- E. Compilation fails at both line n1 and line n2.

Correct Answer: E

### **QUESTION 4**

Given: What is the result?

```
Person.java:
public class Person (
    String name;
    int age;
    public Person(String n, int a) {
        name = n;
        age = a;
    £
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    1
    public int getAge() {
        return age;
    1
}
Test.java:
public static void checkAge(List<Person> list, Predicate<Person> predicate) {
    for (Person p : list) {
        if (predicate.test(p)) {
            System.out.println(p.name + " ");
        }
    Ł
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    List<Person> iList = Arrays.asList(new Person("Hank", 45),
                                        new Person("Charlie", 40),
                                         new Person("Smith", 38));
    //line n1
Y
A.3456
B.3436
C.5456
D.3646
Correct Answer: C
```

## **QUESTION 5**

Given the following code for a Planet object:

```
public class Planet {
    public String name;
    public int moons;

    public Planet(String name, int moons) {
        this.name = name;
        this.moons = moons;
    }
}
```

And the following main method:

```
public static void main(String[] args){
    Planet[] planets = {
        new Planet("Mercury", 0),
        new Planet("Venus", 0),
        new Planet("Earth", 1),
        new Planet("Mars", 2)
    };
    System.out.println(planets);
    System.out.println(planets[2]);
    System.out.println(planets[2].moons);
}
```

What is the output?

```
○ A) planets
Earth
1
```

- O B) [LPlanets.Planet;015db9742 Earth
  1
- C C) [LPlanets.Planet;015db9742 Planets.Planet06d06d69c 1
- C D) [LPlanets.Planet;@15db9742 Planets.Planet@6d06d69c [LPlanets.Moon;@7852e922
- C E) [LPlanets.Planet;@15db9742
   Venus
   0

A. Option A

B. Option B

- C. Option C
- D. Option D
- E. Option E

Correct Answer: B

## **QUESTION 6**

Given:

1. public	class Whizl	abs {	
2.			
3.	public st	<pre>public static void main(String[] args) {</pre>	
4.		String s =	"A";
5.			
6.		switch (s)	{
7.		case "a":	
8.			System.out.print("simaple A ");
9.		default:	
10.			System.out.print("default ");
11.		case "A":	
12.			System.out.print("Capital A ");
13.		}	
14.	}		
15.}			

Which code fragment, when inserted at line 7, enables the code print true?

and the second second second	lass Whizlabs{		
2. 3.	public static void main(String[] args){		
4.	try{		
5.	Double number = Double.valueOf("120D");		
6.	<pre>}catch(NumberFormatException ex){</pre>		
7.	}		
8.	System.out.println(number);		
9.	}		
10. }			
A. Option A			
B. Option B			
C. Option C			
D. Option D			
Correct Answer: A			

## **QUESTION 7**

Given the code fragment: What is the result?

```
public class App {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int i = 10;
        int j = 20;
        int k = j += i / 5;
        System.out.print(i + " : " + j + " : " + k);
    }
}
A. 3
B. 4
C. -1
D. Compilation fails.
Correct Answer: C
```

Which two actions will improve the encapsulation of a class?

- A. Changing the access modifier of a field from public to private
- B. Removing the public modifier from a class declaration
- C. Changing the return type of a method to void
- D. Returning a copy of the contents of an array or ArrayList instead of a direct reference

Correct Answer: AD

Reference: http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/java\_access\_modifiers.htm

## **QUESTION 9**

Which of the following exception will be thrown due to the statement given here?

int array[] = new int[-2];

- A. NullPointerException
- B. NegativeArraySizeException
- C. ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
- D. IndexOutOfBoundsException
- E. This statement does not cause any exception.

Correct Answer: B

In given statement we can see that, we have passed negative value for creating int array, which results a NegativeArraySize Except ion. Hence option B is correct. Option A is incorrect as it is thrown when an application attempts to use null in a case where an object is required. Option D is incorrect as IndexOutOfBoundsException thrown to indicate that an index of some sort (such as to an array, to a string, or to a vector) is out of range. REFERENCE rhttpy/docs.oracle.com/iavase/S/docs/api/java/lang/NegativeArraySizeException.html

## **QUESTION 10**

Given:

```
public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        //line n1
        switch (x) {
            case 1:
                System.out.println("One");
                break;
            case 2:
                System.out.println("Twc");
                break;
        }
    }
}
```

What is the result?

A. 2468

B. 24689

C. 1 3 5 7

D. 1 3 5 7 9

Correct Answer: D

## **QUESTION 11**

Given the code fragments:

```
B. Replace line n1 with:
import p1. A;
Replace line n2 with:
import p1.*;
C. Replace line n1 with:
import p1. A;
Replace line n2 with:
import p1. A;
import p1. p2.B;
D. Replace line n1 with:
import p1;
Replace line n2 with:
import p1;
Replace line n2 with:
```

Which modification enables the code to compile?

```
class A {
  public void test () {
       System.out.println ("A");
   }
1
class B extends A {
   public void test () {
       System.out.println ("B");
   }
}
public class C extends A {
   public void test () {
       System.out.println ("C");
    }
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        A b1 = new A ();
        A b2 = new C ();
        b1 = (A) b2;
                                //line n1
        A b3 = (B) b2;
                                 //line n2
        bl.test ();
       b3.test ();
    }
}
```

A. B.

```
public class SumTest (
    public static void doSum(Integer x, Integer y) {
        System.out.println("Integer sum is " + (x + y));
    1
    public static void doSum(double x, double y) {
        System.out.println("double sum is " + (x + y));
    }
    public static void doSum(float x, float y) {
        System.out.println("float sum is " + (x + y));
    }
    public static void doSum(int x, int y) {
        System.out.println("int sum is " + (x + y));
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        doSum(10, 20);
        doSum(10.0, 20.0);
    }
}
```

## C. D.

Correct Answer: C

### **QUESTION 12**

Given: What is the result?

```
public class Product {
    int id;
    String name;
    public Product(int id, String name) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
    }
}
```

And given the code fragment:

```
4. Product p1 = new Product(101, "Pen");
5. Product p2 = new Product(101, "Pen");
6. Product p3 = p1;
7. boolean ans1 = p1 == p2;
8. boolean ans2 = p1.name.equals(p2.name);
9. System.out.print(ans1 + ":" + ans2);
```

A. true:true

- B. true:false
- C. false:true
- D. false:false

Correct Answer: C